



Annual Campus Security Report



Effective September 1, 2021, Brandman University became the University of Massachusetts Global.



A Message from Chancellor David Andrews

University of Massachusetts Global presents this report in accordance with *The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act*. The act requires U.S. institutions of higher education to disclose information about campus safety policies and procedures, as well as crime statistics, to all current faculty, staff, and students. The Act also requires institutions of higher education to provide this information to prospective faculty, staff, and students upon request.

Here, readers will find statistics and additional information related to university safety policies.

We have an obligation to do everything we can to assure all people – students, faculty, staff, and visitors – that they will be safe, secure, and treated with respect while on the grounds of any university location. UMass Global's campuses and offices are places for learning, collegiality, and the fostering of personal growth and achievement. Maintaining our university spaces as safe havens for students and colleagues is an essential aspect of our work to help all who come to UMass Global achieve their full potential.

Please be encouraged to participate in our shared goal of protecting our students and each other. Our leadership wants to hear from you if you have any ideas on how to improve safety at UMass Global's locations. We also thank all faculty and staff who already do so much to provide our students and partners with meaningful instructional and support services.

Sincerely,

David Andrews Chancellor



Annual Campus Security Report 2023

The University of Massachusetts Global remains strongly committed to the safety of the larger University community and considers the personal safety of its students, employees and guests paramount to the creation of an appropriate environment which is conducive to learning and personal enrichment. The following report is designed not only to meet the requirements set forth by government entities but also to provide the community with helpful reminders for the enhancement of personal safety throughout their everyday lives.

Campus Crime Statistics:

University of Massachusetts Global's Campus Crime Statistics (covering the previous three years) lists crimes reported to the University that occurred on campus, in certain off-campus buildings or property owned or controlled by the University, and on public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. The data follows at the end of this report.

Campus Security:

University of Massachusetts Global provides academic classes at locations in Southern California. Security at these various locations is provided as indicated below.

- University-Leased Facilities: The University or the landlord of University-leased facilities provides security services for the facilities. Security services are coordinated on behalf of the University by the Assistant Vice Chancellor, Real Estate and Facilities in Irvine and report operationally in the same manner.
- Classes Held Off-Campus at an Employer's Site: The employer upon whose premises the University conducts classes is responsible for the security of its premises. The University's home campus personnel interface with the employer to ensure compliance with the employer's security policies and reporting of security violations.

Security Personnel:

Security personnel are responsible for maintaining a safe and secure environment throughout the University. They enforce University rules and regulations, patrol campus grounds, respond to emergencies, provide routine and specialized security service, investigate accidents, and facilitate the response of community emergency services as required.

In general, University of Massachusetts Global security personnel are unarmed and may only make a "Citizen's Arrest" of a person who is in the act of committing a crime, or is reported to have committed a crime. Security personnel are instructed not to attempt to apprehend a suspect, unless the person is caught in a criminal act. Security personnel maintain close liaison with local police departments and keep them apprised of any criminal activity on campus. Local police may be called when appropriate by either security personnel or campus staff.

Additional Campus Security Authorities are individuals at each campus designated to aid in the safety of the University community. Contact your Campus Security Authority if you see unsafe conditions at a University location; if you or someone else in the campus community is the victim of a crime; or if you or someone else in the campus community.

CARES Team:

The CARES team is a campus-wide team of appointed staff and faculty responsible for identifying, assessing, and responding to concerns and/or disruptive behaviors by students, faculty/staff, and community members who struggle academically, emotionally, or psychologically, or who present a risk to the health or safety of the university or its members.

Team Goals:

- Provide a safe and supportive physical and emotional environment for members of the university community.
- Identify, assess and intervene with individuals who are struggling or who demonstrate concerning or threatening behavior.
- Provide support and resources to community members who are concerned for another individual.

The CARES Team can be reached by <u>referral form</u>, by email at <u>cares@umassglobal.edu</u> or <u>safe@umassglobal.edu</u>, or via the CARES hotline at 949-383-3119.

Timely Warning Notifications to the Campus Communities:

University of Massachusetts Global maintains emergency management policies, procedures and systems designed to protect lives and property as well to allow all non-affected functions of the University to continue without impediments. The University will alert staff and students in the event a pattern of criminal activity becomes apparent (e.g. a recurrence of automobile break-ins, theft at a particular campus or assaults on visitors in a specific geography) and/or in the case of a significant emergency or dangerous situation that involves an immediate threat to the health or safety of members of the University community. Additionally, these same systems may be utilized to report campus closures due to natural disaster, weather, or other events not of a criminal nature that result in the temporary closure of a campus facility.

Emergency Contact Information:

It is the responsibility of all faculty, staff and students to maintain current and accurate contact information on file with the University. This information is the source database for the timely warning systems notifications and incomplete or outdated records will impact the delivery of messages. Please note that the University does not assume responsibility for incorrect contact information on file which may cause a notification not to be sent due to technical malfunctions, human or technical error, lost, delayed or otherwise compromised data or transmissions, omission, interruption, deletion, defect or failures of any telephone or computer line, network or software; or any other factors which may cause a lost notification.



Access to University Facilities:

University of Massachusetts Global does not restrict access to any of its owned facilities during normal business hours. Access to leased, licensed or employer owned facilities may be controlled, during specified hours, by the landlord or employer.

Maintenance of Facilities:

The University works diligently to ensure that all of its campuses are maintained in a safe, secure and professional manner. This includes interior and exterior lighting, landscape, locks, alarms and fire/life/safety equipment. Should you notice an issue that needs attention you asked to promptly notify the security personnel at your campus so that any maintenance issues can be addressed promptly.

Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention:

The University's Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention policy and attachments can be found on the University's website, <u>https://www.umassglobal.edu/about-umassglobal/consumer-information</u> (Under Substance Abuse Policy and Testing Policy in the Employee Handbook and Article III.A.3 of the student conduct code). In addition, a drug and alcohol abuse prevention statement of policy is given to each student upon enrollment and each employee upon hiring. Anyone dealing with a substance abuse issue is encouraged to contact the following national agencies for guidance and assistance in identifying a counseling, treatment or rehabilitation program:

- Alcoholics Anonymous, <u>www.aa.org</u>
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (800) 622-4357, https://www.samhsa.gov/
- National Institute on Drug Abuse Hotline (800) 662-4357, <u>http://www.drugabuse.gov/</u>

Registered Sex Offender Information:

The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act (CSCPA) of 2000, a federal law, requires institutions of higher education to provide the campus community with information on where they may obtain information on registered sex offenders. It also requires sex offender registrants who are already required to register in the state to provide notice, as required under state law, to each institution of higher education for which the person is currently enrolled as a student, full- or part-time employee (with or without compensation), or those participating in a vocation. To learn the identity of registered sex offenders on or near a University campus, visit the Sex Offender databases at http://www.sexoffender.com or http://www.nsopw.gov/. You can search by city, county, or zip code. This information is collected by other agencies and the institution cannot guarantee this information is correct or complete. The information provided here is intended to be in compliance with the Campus Security Act and for use by the campus community only. It should not be used to intimidate, threaten or harass and users should understand that the intentional misuse of this information may result in prosecution.



Reporting:

Report any criminal offense or possible criminal offense you witness or are a victim of to the personnel in charge of the campus you are on as soon as practically possible, and to security if they are present at the time the crime takes place. If you or someone else is in danger and/or University personnel or security personnel are not there to assist you, call "911" and make your report directly to the local city police, following up with a report to the appropriate personnel at your earliest opportunity.

In all cases, any security violations or crimes that occur at any University location, which is leased or licensed, or any offsite location at which the University provides classes shall be communicated through the applicable campus director to the AVC Real Estate and Facilities, with notification to the Vice Chancellor of Finance and Administration, and to the Assistant Vice Chancellor of Human Resources if the incident involves an employee as a victim. Any security violations or crimes that occur at the main campus in Irvine shall be communicated through the AVC Real Estate and Facilities.

The University will investigate and take appropriate action in the event of a report of criminal activity.

Confidential Reporting:

If you are a victim of a crime and do not wish to pursue action within the University or criminal justice systems you may still wish to consider making a confidential report through the safe@umassglobal.edu or cares@umassglobal.edu email accounts. The purpose of this report is both to comply with your personal desire to keep the matter confidential while also taking steps to ensure the safety of yourself and other members of the campus community. Given this information the University may alert staff and students in the event a pattern of criminal activity becomes apparent (e.g., a number of automobile break-ins or assaults on visitors in a specific geographic area) and/or there is a potential danger to members of the campus community.

Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking:

University of Massachusetts Global is committed to promoting and maintaining a community in which staff, faculty and students work and learn in an environment free from all forms of harassment, exploitation, intimidation or violence. The University regards all forms of or attempts at domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking or related misconduct as serious offenses that may result in suspension, expulsion or termination of employment. The University prohibits retaliation against an individual because that individual exercised their rights or responsibilities under Title IX of the Education Amendments or the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 (VAWA). University of Massachusetts Global's policies and procedures, in compliance with 34 CFR 668.46 (b)(11)(vi), for cases of alleged dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, and sexual assault and harassment are available by visiting Umass Global's Title IX page at www.umassglobal.edu/about-umassglobal/consumer-information/title-ix

Students, faculty, and/or staff who believe they have been subject to sexual misconduct, harassment, domestic violence, dating or other related inappropriate behavior or violence should freely and without fear of retaliation report such misconduct to the University's Title IX Coordinator(s). Reports can be made online through the University's Incident Reporting Form found at:

https://cm.maxient.com/reportingform.php?UMassGlobal&layout id=8



The U.S. <u>Department of Education Office for Civil Rights (OCR)</u> is the division of the federal government charged with enforcing compliance with Title IX. Individuals experiencing any kind of harassment or discrimination also have the right to <u>file a formal grievance</u> with OCR:

OCR.SanFrancisco@ed.gov http://www.ed.gov/ocr



Reminders from campus security personnel:

- Do not leave valuable articles in open view in your office or work space; place them in a locked desk drawer or a sheltered location.
- If you work in a University office, get in the habit of closing and locking your office door each time you leave the office unattended.
- Be alert for strangers within the campus environment. If you see an unfamiliar face in the vicinity, proceed to your work/class area, then report the matter immediately.
- Park your car in well lit, designated parking areas, utilizing reserved University stalls whenever possible. Do not leave items in your car which are visible from the outside; rather, place the items in the locked trunk of your car, or under a car seat, if possible.
- Lock all car doors, and check them, before leaving your parked car. Keep your car key in your hand until you are in a well-lighted or heavily trafficked area. This will allow you to rapidly re-enter your vehicle, should you see a suspicious person in the area.
- At night, travel in well-lit areas. Travel on the most directly and highly traveled paths. Do not take shortcuts through dark or deserted areas.
- When you approach your car, have your keys ready. Look into the back and front seats to make sure the car is empty before you get in.
- You may want to invest in a mechanical locking device or electronic alarm system for your car. If you have such a device/ system, ensure that you use it each time you park your car.
- Have a plan of action in mind, should you be accosted. If you have an authorized antipersonnel protection device (e.g. mace or pepper spray) with you, ensure that it is readily accessible and ready for use.
- In case of a personal attack, scream as loudly as you can and run toward a more lighted or highly trafficked area. Do not voluntarily enter an assailant's automobile to go with an assailant to a more remote location.
- Try to note the size and physical characteristics of your assailant, as well as the color and make of car (if appropriate) and give the person to whom you are reporting the crime as much information as you can.
- If you are not able to report the crime immediately, jot down your recollections so that you can better recall the information when you do report the crime.



Campus Crime Statistics

Irvine Campus & Administrative Offices Public On Campus Property Crime Aggravated Assault Arson Burglary Drug Abuse Violations: Arrests **Referrals for Disciplinary Action** Hate Crimes Liquor Law Violations: Arrests **Referrals for Disciplinary Action** Motor Vehicle Theft Murder **Negligent Manslaughter** Non-negligent Manslaughter Robbery Sex Offenses: Rape Fondling Incest Statutory Rape **Domestic Violence Dating Violence** Stalking Weapons Law Violations: Arrests **Referrals for Disciplinary Action**

San Diego Campus			On Campus			Public Property
<u>Crime</u>	2022	2021	2020	2022	2021	2020
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations:						
Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0
Referrals for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hate Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations:						
Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0
Referrals for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses:						
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapons Law Violations:						
Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0
Referrals for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	0	0



DEFINITIONS OF CLERY ACT CRIMES

(Crime Definitions from the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook and Sex Offenses Definitions from the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program)

Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. NOTE: Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths are excluded.

Negligent Manslaughter: The unlawful killing of a human being without any deliberation, which may be involuntary, in the commission of a lawful act without due caution and circumspection.

Sex Offenses: Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

A. Rape

Unlawful sexual intercourse or penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any part or object, or oral penetration by sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

B. Incest

Non forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

C. Statutory Rape

Non forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

D. Fondling

The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or, not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: forcible entry, unlawful entry, and attempted forcible entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering with the intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.



Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access, even though the vehicles are later abandoned – including joy riding).

Arson: The willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another kind.

Domestic Violence: A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, a person who is cohabitating with of has cohabitated with the victim or spouse or intimate partner, a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies [under VAWA], or any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

Dating Violence: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: The length of the relationship; the type of relationship; and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Stalking: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or suffer substantial emotional distress. Course of conduct means two or more acts, including but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property.

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinance prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in the definition).

Drug Abuse Violations: Violations of state and local offenses relating to unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs including opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Weapons Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons.



HATE CRIMES DEFINITIONS

Hate Crimes: Crimes that manifest evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the victim's race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity/national origin, or disability.

The University is required to report statistics for hate (bias) related crimes by the type of bias as defined below for the following classifications: murder/non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, sex offenses (forcible and non-forcible), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, liquor law violations, drug violations and/or illegal weapons possession and larceny, vandalism, intimidation, and simple assault, and any crimes involving bodily injury to any person.

Larceny: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

Vandalism: To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness.

If a hate crime occurs where there is an incident involving intimidation, vandalism, larceny, simple assault or other bodily injury, the law requires that the statistic be reported as a hate crime even though there is no requirement to report the crime classification in any other area compliance document.